SENATE, No. 1025

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 31, 2022

Sponsored by: Senator TROY SINGLETON District 7 (Burlington)

SYNOPSIS

Provides tax credits to developers for certain affordable housing projects.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning tax credits for certain affordable housing projects, and amending and supplementing P.L.2009, c.90.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. (New section) a. As used in this section:

"Qualified residential project" means a redevelopment project having no less than 25 dwelling units, which is predominantly residential and includes multi-family residential units for purchase or lease, or dormitory units for purchase or lease. The use of the term "qualified residential project" in this section shall not be limited by the total project cost.

"Very low-income housing" means housing developed as part of a qualified residential project, which is affordable according to federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs and occupied, or reserved for occupancy by, households with a gross household income equal to 30 percent or less of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the qualified residential project is located.

- b. Up to the limits established in subsection c. of this section, and in accordance with a redevelopment incentive grant agreement, beginning upon the receipt of occupancy permits for a qualified residential project, or upon such other event evidencing project completion as set forth in the incentive grant agreement, the State Treasurer shall award tax credits for qualified residential projects. A qualified residential project shall be eligible for tax credits if at least 50 percent of the residential units are constructed and reserved for very low-, low-, and moderate-income housing, of which at least 13 percent shall be reserved for very low-income housing.
- c. The value of all tax credits approved by the authority pursuant to this section shall not exceed \$600 million. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.2009, c.90 (52:27D-489f) or any other law to the contrary, the authority, in cooperation with the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, may distribute tax credits to developers of qualified residential projects in any region of the State in a manner consistent with this section.
- d. (1) A developer shall submit an application for tax credits in accordance with section 8 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489h). The authority shall accept applications for tax credits until the value of all credits approved by the authority reaches the limit set forth in subsection c. of this section.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 (2) If the authority approves an application for tax credits, then
2 the developer shall execute a redevelopment incentive grant
3 agreement pursuant to section 9 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489i).
4 The State Treasurer shall award tax credits to the developer equal to
5 the amount set forth in the incentive grant agreement; provided,
6 however, that no tax credits under a redevelopment grant agreement
7 shall exceed 30 percent of the total project cost.

- 9 2. Section 3 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c) is amended to 10 read as follows:
- 3. As used in sections 3 through 18 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c et al.) and section 1 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill):

"Applicant" means a developer proposing to enter into a redevelopment incentive grant agreement.

"Ancillary infrastructure project" means structures or improvements that are located within the incentive area but outside the project area of a redevelopment project, including, but not limited to, docks, bulkheads, parking garages, public electric vehicle charging stations, freight rail spurs, roadway overpasses, and train station platforms, provided a developer or municipal redeveloper has demonstrated that the redevelopment project would not be economically viable or promote the use of public transportation without such improvements, as approved by the State Treasurer.

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established under section 4 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-4).

"Aviation district" means all areas within the boundaries of the "Atlantic City International Airport," established pursuant to section 24 of P.L.1991, c.252 (C.27:25A-24), and the Federal Aviation Administration William J. Hughes Technical Center and the area within a one-mile radius of the outermost boundary of the "Atlantic City International Airport" and the Federal Aviation Administration William J. Hughes Technical Center.

"Deep poverty pocket" means a population census tract having a poverty level of 20 percent or more, and which is located within the incentive area and has been determined by the authority to be an area appropriate for development and in need of economic development incentive assistance.

"Developer" means any person who enters or proposes to enter into a redevelopment incentive grant agreement pursuant to the provisions of section 9 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489i), or its successors or assignees, including but not limited to a lender that completes a redevelopment project, operates a redevelopment project, or completes and operates a redevelopment project. A developer also may be a municipal redeveloper as defined herein or Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey.

"Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the 2 Department of the Treasury.

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"Disaster recovery project" means a redevelopment project located on property that has been wholly or substantially damaged or destroyed as a result of a federally-declared disaster, and which is located within the incentive area and has been determined by the authority to be in an area appropriate for development and in need of economic development incentive assistance.

"Distressed municipality" means a municipality that is qualified to receive assistance under P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), a municipality under the supervision of the Local Finance Board pursuant to the provisions of the "Local Government Supervision Act (1947)," P.L.1947, c.151 (C.52:27BB-1 et seq.), a municipality identified by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs to be facing serious fiscal distress, a SDA municipality, or a municipality in which a major rail station is located.

"Electric vehicle charging station" means an electric component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles by permitting the transfer of electric energy to a battery or other storage device in an electric vehicle.

"Eligibility period" means the period of time specified in a redevelopment incentive grant agreement for the payment of reimbursements to a developer, which period shall not exceed 20 years, with the term to be determined solely at the discretion of the applicant.

"Eligible revenue" means the property tax increment and any other incremental revenues set forth in section 11 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489k), except in the case of a Garden State Growth Zone, in which the property tax increment and any other incremental revenues are calculated as those incremental revenues that would have existed notwithstanding the provisions of the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.).

"Garden State Growth Zone" or "growth zone" means the four New Jersey cities with the lowest median family income based on the 2009 American Community Survey from the US Census, (Table 708. Household, Family, and Per Capita Income and Individuals, and Families Below Poverty Level by City: 2009); a municipality which contains a Tourism District as established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2011, c.18 (C.5:12-219) and regulated by the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority; or an aviation district.

"Highlands development credit receiving area or redevelopment area" means an area located within an incentive area and designated by the Highlands Council for the receipt of Highlands Development Credits under the Highlands Transfer Development Rights Program authorized under section 13 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-13).

"Incentive grant" means reimbursement of all or a portion of the project financing gap of a redevelopment project through the State or a local Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant program pursuant to section 4 or section 5 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489d or C.52:27D-489e).

"Infrastructure improvements in the public right-of-way" mean public structures or improvements, including public electric vehicle charging stations, located in the public right-of-way that are located within a project area or that constitute an ancillary infrastructure project, either of which are dedicated to or owned by a governmental body or agency upon completion, or any required payment in lieu of the structures, improvements or projects, or any costs of remediation associated with the structures, improvements or projects, and that are determined by the authority, in consultation with applicable State agencies, to be consistent with and in furtherance of State public infrastructure objectives and initiatives.

"Low-income housing" means housing affordable according to federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to 50 percent or less of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the housing is located.

"Major rail station" means a railroad station located within a qualified incentive area which provides access to the public to a minimum of six rail passenger service lines operated by the New Jersey Transit Corporation.

"Mixed use parking project" means a redevelopment project, the parking component of which shall constitute 51 percent or more of any of the following:

- a. the total square footage of the entire mixed use parking project;
- b. the estimated revenues of the entire mixed use parking project; or
- 35 c. the total construction cost of the entire mixed use parking 36 project.

"Moderate-income housing" means housing affordable, according to United States Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized standards for home ownership and rental costs, and occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to more than 50 percent but less than 80 percent of the median gross household income for households of the same size within the housing region in which the housing is located.

"Municipal redeveloper" means an applicant for a redevelopment incentive grant agreement, which applicant is:

a. a municipal government, a municipal parking authority, or a redevelopment agency acting on behalf of a municipal government as defined in section 3 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-3); or

b. a developer of a mixed use parking project, provided that the parking component of the mixed use parking project is operated and maintained by a municipal parking authority for the term of any financial assistance granted pursuant to P.L.2015, c.69.

"Municipal Revitalization Index" means the 2007 index by the Office for Planning Advocacy within the Department of State measuring or ranking municipal distress.

"Non-parking component" means that portion of a mixed use parking project not used for parking, together with the portion of the costs of the mixed use parking project, including but not limited to the footings, foundations, site work, infrastructure, and soft costs that are allocable to the non-parking use.

"Parking component" means that portion of a mixed use parking project used for parking, together with the portion of the costs of the mixed use parking project, including but not limited to the footings, foundations, site work, infrastructure, and soft costs that are allocable to the parking use. The parking component, which may include enclosed pedestrian walkways or a skybridge, may be in the same structure as all the non-parking components or may be in a structure with some non-parking components with the remaining non-parking components in an adjacent or nearby structure that is no more than one third of a mile from the parking components.

"Project area" means land or lands located within the incentive area under common ownership or control including through a redevelopment agreement with a municipality, or as otherwise established by a municipality or a redevelopment agreement executed by a State entity to implement a redevelopment project.

"Project cost" means the costs incurred in connection with the redevelopment project by the developer until the issuance of a permanent certificate of occupancy, or until such other time specified by the authority, for a specific investment or improvement, including the costs relating to receiving Highlands Development Credits under the Highlands Transfer Development Rights Program authorized pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-13), lands, buildings, improvements, real or personal property, or any interest therein, including leases discounted to present value, including lands under water, riparian rights, space rights and air rights acquired, owned, developed or redeveloped, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated or improved, any environmental remediation costs, plus costs not directly related to construction, of an amount not to exceed 20 percent of the total costs, capitalized interest paid to third parties, and the cost of infrastructure improvements, including ancillary infrastructure projects, and, for projects located in a Garden State Growth Zone

only, the cost of infrastructure improvements including any ancillary infrastructure project and the amount by which total project cost exceeds the cost of an alternative location for the redevelopment project, but excluding any particular costs for which the project has received federal, State, or local funding.

"Project financing gap" means:

- a. the part of the total project cost, including return on investment, that remains to be financed after all other sources of capital have been accounted for, including, but not limited to, developer-contributed capital, which shall not be less than 20 percent of the total project cost, which may include the value of any existing land and improvements in the project area owned or controlled by the developer, and the cost of infrastructure improvements in the public right-of-way, subject to review by the State Treasurer, and investor or financial entity capital or loans for which the developer, after making all good faith efforts to raise additional capital, certifies that additional capital cannot be raised from other sources on a non-recourse basis; and
- b. the amount by which total project cost exceeds the cost of an alternative location for the out-of-State redevelopment project.

"Project revenue" means all rents, fees, sales, and payments generated by a project, less taxes or other government payments.

"Property tax increment" means the amount obtained by:

- a. multiplying the general tax rate levied each year by the taxable value of all the property assessed within a project area in the same year, excluding any special assessments; and
- b. multiplying that product by a fraction having a numerator equal to the taxable value of all the property assessed within the project area, minus the property tax increment base, and having a denominator equal to the taxable value of all property assessed within the project area.

For the purpose of this definition, "property tax increment base" means the aggregate taxable value of all property assessed which is located within the redevelopment project area as of October 1st of the year preceding the year in which the redevelopment incentive grant agreement is authorized.

"Public electric vehicle charging station" means an electric vehicle charging station located at a publicly available parking space.

"Public hydrogen fueling station" means publicly available equipment to store and dispense hydrogen fuel to vehicles according to industry codes and standards.

"Publicly available parking space" means a parking space that is available to, and accessible by, the public and may include on-street parking spaces and parking spaces in surface lots or parking garages, but shall not include: a parking space that is part of, or associated with, a private residence; or a parking space that is reserved for the exclusive use of an individual driver or vehicle or

for a group of drivers or vehicles, such as employees, tenants, visitors, residents of a common interest development, or residents of an adjacent building.

"Qualified incubator facility" means a commercial building located within an incentive area: which contains 100,000 or more square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space; which is located near, and presents opportunities for collaboration with, a research institution, teaching hospital, college, or university; and within which, at least 75 percent of the gross leasable area is restricted for use by one or more technology startup companies during the commitment period.

12 "Qualified residential project" means a redevelopment project that is predominantly residential and includes multi-family 13 14 residential units for purchase or lease, or dormitory units for 15 purchase or lease, having a total project cost of at least 16 \$17,500,000, if the project is located in any municipality with a 17 population greater than 200,000 according to the latest federal 18 decennial census, or having a total project cost of at least 19 \$10,000,000 if the project is located in any municipality with a 20 population less than 200,000 according to the latest federal 21 decennial census, or is a disaster recovery project, or having a total 22 project cost of \$5,000,000 if the project is in a Garden State Growth 23 Zone.

"Qualifying economic redevelopment and growth grant incentive area" or "incentive area" means:

- a. an aviation district;
- b. a port district;

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- c. a distressed municipality; or
 - d. an area (1) designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act,"
- 30 P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), as:
 - (a) Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan);
- 32 (b) Planning Area 2 (Suburban); or
- 33 (c) Planning Area 3 (Fringe Planning Area);
- 34 (2) located within a smart growth area and planning area 35 designated in a master plan adopted by the New Jersey 36 Meadowlands Commission pursuant to subsection (i) of section 6 of 37 P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-6) or subject to a redevelopment plan 38 adopted by the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission pursuant to
- 39 section 20 of P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-21);
- 40 (3) located within any land owned by the New Jersey Sports and
 41 Exposition Authority, established pursuant to P.L.1971, c.137
 42 (C.5:10-1 et seq.), within the boundaries of the Hackensack
 43 Meadowlands District as delineated in section 4 of P.L.1968, c.404
 44 (C.13:17-4);
- 45 (4) located within a regional growth area, rural development 46 area zoned for industrial use as of the effective date of P.L.2016, 47 c.75, town, village, or a military and federal installation area 48 designated in the comprehensive management plan prepared and

- 1 adopted by the Pinelands Commission pursuant to the "Pinelands 2 Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.);
 - (5) located within the planning area of the Highlands Region as defined in section 3 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-3) or in a highlands development credit receiving area or redevelopment area;
 - (6) located within a Garden State Growth Zone;
 - (7) located within land approved for closure under any federal Base Closure and Realignment Commission action; or
 - (8) located only within the following portions of the areas designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398
- 11 (C.52:18A-196 et al.), as Planning Area 4A (Rural Planning Area),
- 12 Planning Area 4B (Rural/Environmentally Sensitive) or Planning
- 13 Area 5 (Environmentally Sensitive) if Planning Area 4A (Rural
- 14 Planning Area), Planning Area 4B (Rural/Environmentally
- 15 Sensitive) or Planning Area 5 (Environmentally Sensitive) is
- 16 located within:

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- 17 (a) a designated center under the State Development and 18 Redevelopment Plan;
 - (b) a designated growth center in an endorsed plan until the State Planning Commission revises and readopts New Jersey's State Strategic Plan and adopts regulations to revise this definition as it pertains to Statewide planning areas;
 - (c) any area determined to be in need of redevelopment pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 and C.40A:12A-6) or in need of rehabilitation pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-14);
 - (d) any area on which a structure exists or previously existed including any desired expansion of the footprint of the existing or previously existing structure provided the expansion otherwise complies with all applicable federal, State, county, and local permits and approvals;
 - (e) the planning area of the Highlands Region as defined in section 3 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-3) or a highlands development credit receiving area or redevelopment area; or
- 35 (f) any area on which an existing tourism destination project is 36 located.
- 37 "Qualifying economic redevelopment and growth grant incentive area" or "incentive area" shall not include any property located 38 39 within the preservation area of the Highlands Region as defined in 40 the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-1 et al.).
- 42 "Redevelopment incentive grant agreement" means an agreement 43 between:
- 44 the State and the New Jersey Economic Development
- 45 Authority and a developer under which, in exchange for the
- 46 proceeds of an incentive grant or tax credits under section 1 of
- 47 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the
- 48 developer agrees to perform any work or undertaking necessary for

a redevelopment project, including the clearance, development or redevelopment, construction, or rehabilitation of any structure or improvement of commercial, industrial, residential, or public structures or improvements within a qualifying economic redevelopment and growth grant incentive area or a transit village; or

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b. a municipality and a developer, or a municipal ordinance authorizing a project to be undertaken by a municipal redeveloper, under which, in exchange for the proceeds of an incentive grant, the developer agrees to perform any work or undertaking necessary for a redevelopment project, including the clearance, development or redevelopment, construction, or rehabilitation of any structure or improvement of commercial, industrial, residential, or public structures or improvements within a qualifying economic redevelopment and growth grant incentive area or a transit village.

"Redevelopment project" means a specific construction project or improvement, including lands, buildings, improvements, real and personal property or any interest therein, including lands under water, riparian rights, space rights and air rights, acquired, owned, leased, developed or redeveloped, constructed, reconstructed, rehabilitated or improved, undertaken by a developer, owner or tenant, or both, within a project area and any ancillary infrastructure project including infrastructure improvements in the public right-ofway, as set forth in an application to be made to the authority. The use of the term "redevelopment project" in sections 3 through 18 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c et al.) shall not be limited to only redevelopment projects located in areas determined to be in need of redevelopment pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-5 and C.40A:12A-6) but shall also include, but not be limited to, any work or undertaking in accordance with the "Redevelopment Area Bond Financing Law," sections 1 through 10 of P.L.2001, c.310 (C.40A:12A-64 et seq.) or other applicable law, pursuant to a redevelopment plan adopted by a State entity, or as described in the resolution adopted by a public entity created by State law with the power to adopt a redevelopment plan or otherwise determine the location, type and character of a redevelopment project or part of a redevelopment project on land owned or controlled by it or within its jurisdiction, including but not limited to, the New Jersey Meadowlands Commission established pursuant to P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-1 et seq.), the New Jersey Sports and Exposition Authority established pursuant to P.L.1971 c.137 (C.5:10-1 et seq.) and the Fort Monmouth Economic Revitalization Authority created pursuant to P.L.2010, c.51 (C.52:27I-18 et seq.). A redevelopment project may include the development of zero-emission vehicle fueling and charging infrastructure.

"Redevelopment utility" means a self-liquidating fund created by a municipality pursuant to section 12 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-

4891) to account for revenues collected and incentive grants paid pursuant to section 11 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489k), or other revenues dedicated to a redevelopment project.

"Revenue increment base" means the amounts of all eligible revenues from sources within the redevelopment project area in the calendar year proceeding the year in which the redevelopment incentive grant agreement is executed, as certified by the State Treasurer for State revenues, and the chief financial officer of the municipality for municipal revenues.

"SDA district" means an SDA district as defined in section 3 of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-3).

"SDA municipality" means a municipality in which an SDA district is situated.

"Technology startup company" means a for profit business that has been in operation fewer than five years and is developing or possesses a proprietary technology or business method of a hightechnology or life science-related product, process, or service which the business intends to move to commercialization.

"Tourism destination project" means a redevelopment project that will be among the most visited privately owned or operated tourism or recreation sites in the State, and which is located within the incentive area and has been determined by the authority to be in an area appropriate for development and in need of economic development incentive assistance.

"Transit project" means a redevelopment project located within a 1/2-mile radius, or one-mile radius for projects located in a Garden State Growth Zone, surrounding the mid-point of a New Jersey Transit Corporation, Port Authority Transit Corporation, or Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation rail, bus, or ferry station platform area, including all light rail stations.

"Transit village" means a community with a bus, train, light rail, or ferry station that has developed a plan to achieve its economic development and revitalization goals and has been designated by the New Jersey Department of Transportation as a transit village.

"University infrastructure" means any of the following located on the campus of Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey:

- a. buildings and structures, such as academic buildings, recreation centers, indoor athletic facilities, public works garages, and water and sewer treatment and pumping facilities;
- b. open space with improvements, such as athletic fields and other outdoor athletic facilities, planned commons, and parks; and
- c. transportation facilities, such as bus shelters and parking facilities.

"Urban transit hub" means an urban transit hub, as defined in section 10 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), that is located within an eligible municipality, as defined in section 10 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), or all light rail stations and property located within a one-mile radius of the mid-point of the platform area of such a

rail, bus, or ferry station if the property is in a qualified municipality under the "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.).

"Vacant commercial building" means any commercial building or complex of commercial buildings having over 400,000 square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space that is more than 70 percent unoccupied at the time of application to the authority or is negatively impacted by the approval of a "qualified business facility," as defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-208), or any vacant commercial building in a Garden State Growth Zone having over 35,000 square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space, or over 200,000 square feet of office, laboratory, or industrial space in Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Ocean, or Salem counties available for occupancy for a period of over one year.

"Vacant health facility project" means a redevelopment project where a health facility, as defined by section 2 of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-2), currently exists and is considered vacant. A health facility shall be considered vacant if at least 70 percent of that facility has not been open to the public or utilized to serve any patients at the time of application to the authority.

"Zero-emission vehicle" means a vehicle certified as a zero emission vehicle pursuant to the California Air Resources Board zero emission vehicle standards for the applicable model year, including but not limited to, battery electric-powered vehicles and hydrogen fuel cell vehicles.

"Zero-emission vehicle fueling and charging infrastructure" means infrastructure to charge or fuel zero-emission vehicles, including but not limited to, public electric vehicle charging stations and public hydrogen fueling stations.

(cf: P.L2021, c.168, s.6)

- 3. Section 8 of P.L.2009, c.90 (52:27D-489h) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. a. (1) The authority, in consultation with the State Treasurer, shall promulgate an incentive grant application form and procedure for the Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant program.
- 38 Within 30 days of the effective date of P.L.
- c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the authority shall
 promulgate an alternate incentive grant application form to be used
- 41 by developers seeking tax credits pursuant to section 1 of P.L. ,
- 42 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - (2) (a) The Local Finance Board, in consultation with the authority, shall develop a minimum standard incentive grant application form for municipal Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant programs.
- 47 (b) Through regulation, the authority shall establish standards 48 for redevelopment projects seeking State or local incentive grants

- 1 based on the green building manual prepared by the Commissioner
- 2 of Community Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132
- 3 (C.52:27D-130.6), regarding the use of renewable energy, energy-
- 4 efficient technology, and non-renewable resources in order to
- 5 reduce environmental degradation and encourage long-term cost 6 reduction.

- b. Within each incentive grant application, a developer shall certify information concerning:
 - (1) the status of control of the entire redevelopment project site;
- (2) all required State and federal government permits that have been issued for the redevelopment project, or will be issued pending resolution of financing issues;
- (3) local planning and zoning board approvals, as required, for the redevelopment project;
- (4) estimates of the revenue increment base, the eligible revenues for the project, and the assumptions upon which those estimates are made.
- c. (1) With regard to State tax revenues proposed to be pledged for an incentive grant or tax credits to be awarded pursuant to section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the authority and the State Treasurer shall review the project costs, evaluate and validate the project financing gap estimated by the developer, and conduct a State fiscal impact analysis to ensure that the overall public assistance provided to the project, except with regards to a qualified residential project, a mixed use parking project, or a project involving university infrastructure, will result in net benefits to the State including, without limitation, both direct and indirect economic benefits and non-financial community revitalization objectives, including but not limited to, the promotion of the use of public transportation in the case of the ancillary infrastructure project portion of any transit project.
- (2) With regard to local incremental revenues proposed to be pledged for an incentive grant the authority and the Local Finance Board shall review the project costs, and except with respect to an application by a municipal redeveloper, evaluate and validate the project financing gap projected by the developer, and conduct a local fiscal impact analysis to ensure that the overall public assistance provided to the project, except with regards to a qualified residential project, a mixed use parking project, or a project involving university infrastructure, will result in net benefits to the municipality wherein the redevelopment project is located including, without limitation, both direct and indirect economic benefits and non-financial community revitalization objectives, including but not limited to, the promotion of the use of public transportation in the case of the ancillary infrastructure project portion of any transit project.

- (3) The authority, State Treasurer, and Local Finance Board may act cooperatively to administer and review applications, and shall consult with the Office of State Planning on matters concerning State, regional, and local development and planning strategies.
- (4) The costs of the aforementioned reviews shall be assessed to the applicant as an application fee, except for applications submitted on or after January 1, 2018, but before June 30, 2019, which are amended after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.156 (C.34:1B-269 et al.), the authority may waive fees.
- (5) A developer who has already applied for an incentive grant award prior to the effective date of the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.), but who has not yet been approved for the grant, or has not executed an agreement with the authority, may proceed under that application or seek to amend the application or reapply for an incentive grant award for the same project or any part thereof for the purpose of availing himself or herself of any more favorable provisions of the Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant program established pursuant to the "New Jersey Economic Opportunity Act of 2013," P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489p et al.), except that projects with costs exceeding \$200,000,000 shall not be eligible for revised percentage caps under subsection d. of section 19 of P.L.2013, c.161 (C.52:27D-489i).

25 (cf: P.L.2021, c.160, s.56)

- 4. Section 9 of P.L.2009, c.90 (52:27D-489i) is amended to read as follows:
- 9. a. The authority is authorized to enter into a redevelopment incentive grant agreement with a developer for any redevelopment project located within a qualifying economic redevelopment and growth grant incentive area that does not qualify as such an area solely by virtue of being a transit village.
- b. The decision of whether to enter into a redevelopment incentive grant agreement is solely within the discretion of the authority and the State Treasurer, provided that they both agree to enter into an agreement.
- c. The Chief Executive Officer of the authority, in consultation with the State Treasurer shall negotiate the terms and conditions of any redevelopment incentive grant agreement on behalf of the State.
- d. (1) The redevelopment incentive grant agreement shall specify the maximum amount of project costs, the amount of the incentive grant or tax credits to be awarded the developer, the frequency of payments, and the eligibility period, which shall not exceed 20 years, during which reimbursement will be granted, and for a project receiving an incentive grant in excess of \$50 million, the amount of the negotiated repayment amount to the State, which may include, but not be limited to, cash, equity, and warrants.

- 1 Except for redevelopment incentive grant agreements with a
- 2 municipal redeveloper, or with the developer of a redevelopment
- 3 project solely with respect to the cost of infrastructure
- 4 improvements in the public right-of-way including any ancillary
- 5 infrastructure project in the public right-of-way, or a qualified
- residential project receiving tax credits pursuant to section 1 of 6
- 7 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),
- in no event shall the base amount of the combined reimbursements 9 under redevelopment incentive grant agreements with the State or
- 10 municipality exceed 20 percent of the total project cost, except in a
- 11 Garden State Growth Zone, which shall not exceed 30 percent.

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project is:

- 12 (2) The Except in the case of a qualified residential project 13 receiving tax credits pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 14 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the 15 authority shall be permitted to increase the amount of the 16 reimbursement under the redevelopment incentive grant agreement 17 with the State by up to 10 percent of the total project cost if the
 - (a) located in a distressed municipality which lacks adequate access to nutritious food in the judgment of the Chief Executive Officer of the authority and will include either a supermarket or grocery store with a minimum of 15,000 square feet of selling space devoted to the sale of consumable products or a prepared food establishment selling only nutritious ready to serve meals;
 - (b) located in a distressed municipality which lacks adequate access to health care and health services in the judgment of the Chief Executive Officer of the authority and will include a health care and health services center with a minimum of 10,000 square feet of space devoted to the provision of health care and health services;
 - (c) located in a distressed municipality which has a business located therein that is required to respond to a request for proposal to fulfill a contract with the federal government as set forth in subsection f. of section 3 of P.L.2011, c.149 (C.34:1B-244);
 - (d) a transit project;
 - (e) a qualified residential project in which at least 10 percent of the residential units are constructed as and reserved for moderate income housing;
- 39 (f) located in a highlands development credit receiving area or 40 redevelopment area;
- 41 (g) located in a Garden State Growth Zone;
 - (h) a disaster recovery project;
- 43 (i) an aviation project;
 - (j) a tourism destination project; or
- 45 (k) substantial rehabilitation or renovation of an existing 46 structure or structures.
- 47 (3) The maximum amount of any redevelopment incentive grant 48 shall be equal to up to 30 percent of the total project costs, except

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1 for projects located in a Garden State Growth Zone, in which case 2 the maximum amount of any redevelopment incentive grant shall be 3 equal to up to 40 percent of the total project costs. Notwithstanding 4 anything to the contrary contained within this section, the maximum 5 amount of any redevelopment incentive grant with respect to a 6 mixed use parking project shall be up to 100 percent of the total 7 project costs allocable to the parking component of the project, and 8 shall be up to 40 percent of the total project costs allocable to the 9 non-parking component of the project. In addition, notwithstanding 10 anything to the contrary contained in this section, the maximum 11 amount of any redevelopment incentive grant for a qualified 12 residential project described in (i) below shall be up to 80 percent of the total project costs, and for a mixed use parking project 13 14 described in (i) through (iv) below shall be up to 100 percent of the 15 total project costs allocable to the parking component and up to 80 16 percent of the total project costs allocable to the non-parking 17 component, provided that if the amount of the redevelopment 18 incentive grant exceeds 40 percent of the total project costs for 19 projects developed by non-public, for-profit entities, the authority 20 shall consider the effect of the increased grant amount in 21 determining the project financing gap, which shall include utilizing 22 a rate of return on a developer's contributed capital, when used to 23 determine the project financing gap, reflective of the reduced 24 financial risk of the project, as set by the authority: (i) with respect 25 to a mixed use parking project or qualified residential project 26 constructed upon all or a portion of a project site which project site 27 was previously the subject of an award of tax credits pursuant to the "Urban Transit Hub Tax Credit Act," P.L.2007, c.346 (C.34:1B-207 28 29 et seq.), as amended by P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489a et al.), but 30 those tax credits were not issued, (ii) for entertainment venues with 31 seating capacity in excess of 5,000, (iii) a visitor center within or 32 adjacent to a national historic park, or (iv) a youth center in or 33 adjacent to a national historic park. 34

e. Except in the case of a qualified residential project, a mixed use parking project, or a project involving university infrastructure, the authority and the State Treasurer may enter into a redevelopment incentive grant agreement only if they make a finding that the State revenues to be realized from the redevelopment project will be in excess of the amount necessary to reimburse the developer for its project financing gap. This finding may be made by an estimation based upon the professional judgment of the Chief Executive Officer of the authority and the State Treasurer.

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- f. In deciding whether to recommend entering into a redevelopment incentive grant agreement and in negotiating a redevelopment agreement with a developer, the Chief Executive Officer of the authority shall consider the following factors:
 - (1) the economic feasibility of the redevelopment project;

(2) the extent of economic and related social distress in the municipality and the area to be affected by the redevelopment project or the level of site specific distress to include dilapidated conditions, brownfields designation, environmental contamination, pattern of vacancy, abandonment, or under-utilization of the property, rate of foreclosures, or other site conditions as determined by the authority;

- (3) the degree to which the redevelopment project will advance State, regional, and local development and planning strategies;
- (4) the likelihood that the redevelopment project shall, upon completion, be capable of generating new tax revenue in an amount in excess of the amount necessary to reimburse the developer for project costs incurred as provided in the redevelopment incentive grant agreement, provided, however, that any tax revenue generated by a redevelopment project that is a disaster recovery project shall be considered new tax revenue even if the same or more tax revenue was generated at or on the site prior to the disaster;
- (5) the relationship of the redevelopment project to a comprehensive local development strategy, including other major projects undertaken within the municipality;
- (6) the need of the redevelopment incentive grant agreement to the viability of the redevelopment project or the promotion of the use of public transportation; and
- (7) the degree to which the redevelopment project enhances and promotes job creation and economic development or the promotion of the use of public transportation.
- g. (1) A developer who has entered into a redevelopment incentive grant agreement with the authority and the State Treasurer pursuant to this section may, upon notice to and consent of the authority and the State Treasurer, pledge, assign, transfer, or sell any or all of its right, title and interest in and to the agreements and in the incentive grants payable thereunder, and the right to receive same, along with the rights and remedies provided to the developer under the agreement. Any such assignment shall be an absolute assignment for all purposes, including the federal bankruptcy code.
- (2) Any pledge of incentive grants made by the developer shall be valid and binding from the time the pledge is made and filed in the records of the authority. The incentive grants pledged and thereafter received by the developer shall immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act, and the lien of any pledge shall be valid and binding against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the developer irrespective of whether the parties have notice thereof. Neither the redevelopment incentive grant agreement nor any other instrument by which a pledge under this section is created need be filed or recorded except with the authority.
- 48 (cf: P.L.2018, c.44, s.3)

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1	5.	This act shall take effect immediately.
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4		STATEMENT
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This bill would provide up to \$600 million in tax credits available to developers to construct certain affordable housing projects. In order to qualify for the tax credit, a developer must construct a residential project in which at least 50 percent of the residential units are constructed and reserved for very low-, low-, and moderate-income housing, of which, at least 13 percent must be reserved for very low-income housing. Developers would apply for tax credits in the same manner in which developers applied for grants under the State Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant program.